

Patient Essentials

PATIENT'S MANUAL for Depression

October 2014
Non-U.S. Version

This Patient's Manual is a supplement to the physician's manuals. It is not meant to take the place of advice from your doctor. For a complete discussion of indications for use, contraindications, precautions, warnings, and potential side effects, talk to your doctor.

Talk with your doctor about:

- How this device is used
- How it should not be used
- Safety measures
- Warnings
- Side effects

Your doctor's phone number:







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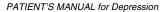
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1. GLOSSARY _____

These terms are used in this manual.

adjunctive therapy

Additional, add-on; VNS is adjunctive therapy that is added on to other antidepressant treatments

adverse events

Complications and side effects

clinical benefit

Categories assigned to describe change in depressive symptoms on Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression-24 Item after VNS Therapy

- meaningful clinical benefit 25% to 49% improvement in depressive symptoms
- highly meaningful clinical benefit 50% to 74% improvement in depressive symptoms
- extraordinary clinical benefit over 75% improvement in depressive symptoms

clinical studies

Tests of the effectiveness and safety of a therapy on humans

Cyberonics®

Company that makes the VNS Therapy® System

electrodes

Part of the VNS Therapy lead that connects to the vagus nerve

HRSD₂₄

Standardized test to measure depressive symptoms as reported by the doctor; Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression-24 Item

IDS-SR₃₀

Standardized test to measure depressive symptoms as reported by the patient, Inventory of Depressive Symptomatology Self-Report

lead

VNS Therapy lead; small wire that connects the VNS Therapy pulse generator to the vagus nerve

MADRS

Standardized test to measure depressive symptoms as reported by the doctor, Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale; commonly used in Europe

MR

Magnetic resonance

MR Conditional

An item that has been demonstrated to pose no known hazards in a specified MR environment with specified conditions of use

MR Unsafe

An item that poses hazards in all MRI environments

MRI

Magnetic resonance imaging

programming wand

VNS Therapy instrument used to check or change VNS Therapy device and settings

pulse generator

VNS Therapy device implanted in the patient's chest; holds the battery and delivers stimulation to the vagus nerve through the VNS Therapy lead

reed switch

A mechanism that works like a gate. When the magnet closes it, the signal (stimulation) cannot pass; the pulse generator is temporarily turned OFF

remitter

Study participant who was essentially free of depressive symptoms after receiving VNS Therapy; determined by scores of standardized tests; also called complete responder

responder

Study participant whose depressive symptoms were reduced by 50% or more after receiving VNS Therapy; determined by scores of standardized tests

stimulate

Send electrical signal; with VNS Therapy, the pulse generator sends an electrical signal through the lead to the vagus nerve, which carries the signal to the brain

stimulation

The electrical signal that is sent from the pulse generator to the brain

treatment-resistant depression (TRD)

Depression that has not responded to multiple antidepressant treatments

vagus nerve

A nerve that extends from the brain through the neck to the major organs (e.g., heart, lungs, and stomach) in the torso

vagus nerve stimulation (VNS)

Periodic electrical signals sent from the pulse generator to the vagus nerve

VNS Therapy®

Treatment received from vagus nerve stimulation

VNS Therapy System

All of the parts that provide VNS Therapy: pulse generator, lead, programming wand, programming computer, programming software, and magnets

2. Introduction to VNS THERAPY®

Many people have depression. Through the years, doctors and scientists have learned much about depression. They have developed drugs and other treatments. Despite these efforts, some people still have depression. Your doctor has proposed the VNS Therapy System for you to reduce the symptoms of your depression because other treatments have failed to control them adequately.

The VNS Therapy System sends a mild electrical impulse to a nerve that goes to the brain. This nerve is called the vagus nerve. The treatment is Vagus Nerve Stimulation (VNS) Therapy (VNS Therapy[®]).

3. THE VNS THERAPY SYSTEM

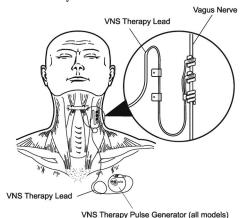
3.1. Parts of the VNS Therapy System

The VNS Therapy System has several parts (see Figure 1 and Figure).

3.1.1. Implantable parts

- VNS Therapy pulse generator
- VNS Therapy lead

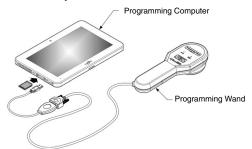
Figure 1. Implantable Parts of the VNS Therapy System



3.1.2. Nonimplantable parts

- VNS Therapy programming computer
- VNS Therapy programming software
- VNS Therapy programming wand
- Cyberonics magnets

Figure 2. Nonimplantable Parts of the VNS Therapy System





3.1.3. Pulse generator

The main part is the pulse generator, sometimes called a stimulator. Similar to cardiac pacemakers, which have been used since 1958 to control heart problems, the pulse generator is computer controlled and battery powered. It sends signals through the electrodes of the lead to the brain by way of the left vagus nerve.

3.1.4. Placement of the pulse generator and lead

The pulse generator is placed under the skin of the upper chest. The lead connects the pulse generator to the vagus nerve. It is attached to the left vagus nerve in the neck. A surgeon implants the pulse generator and lead during an operation that typically lasts about 1 to 2 hours. Later, your doctor sets the pulse generator to deliver periodic stimulation 24 hours a day (for example, 30 seconds ON and 5 minutes OFF). At the office, your doctor can read and change stimulation settings with the programming computer, programming software, and programming wand

3.1.5. Cyberonics magnet

Cyberonics provides a magnet for you to stop stimulation if and when you need to.

3.1.6. Stimulation settings

The pulse generator has many settings. Your doctor will choose the settings. He or she can change the periodic stimulation at any time with the programming wand, programming software, and programming computer. Most of the time, changing the VNS Therapy System settings is a painless procedure, takes only a few minutes, and can be done in the doctor's office.

3.1.7. Pulse generator life

The battery in the pulse generator can last from 1 to 16 years. The lifespan depends on these factors:



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- Pulse generator model
- Settings your doctor chooses
- Interaction of the lead and vagus nerve over time

When the battery in your pulse generator runs out, the pulse generator must be replaced in order for you to continue to receive VNS Therapy. This requires an additional surgical procedure. The operation involves anesthesia and generally takes less than an hour to complete.

Note: See "Battery depletion (running out)" on page 50.

4. PATIENT TIPS

Note: See "Frequently Asked Questions" on page 53.

These tips provide important information about the VNS Therapy System. They will be most useful after you have read the whole manual.

When you see this symbol , pay special attention to the important information after it.

After you receive your VNS Therapy System, keep this important information in mind:

- You should not receive a VNS Therapy System implant if your left vagus nerve has previously been cut.
- You CANNOT have any short-wave diathermy, microwave diathermy, or therapeutic ultrasound diathermy anywhere on your body if you have an implanted VNS Therapy System.
- Use the Cyberonics magnet to stop the stimulation if it becomes painful or irregular.
- Call your doctor right away if any of the following occur:
 - Your voice is constantly hoarse.
 - Stimulation becomes painful or irregular.
 - Stimulation causes any choking, trouble with breathing, trouble with swallowing, or change in heart rate.

Cyberonics Magnets" on page 44.

- You or someone else notices changes in your level of consciousness (for example, you become constantly drowsy).
- You think that the pulse generator may not be stimulating properly or that the VNS Therapy System battery is depleted (stops stimulating).
- You notice anything new or unusual that you relate to the stimulation.
- The feeling that you usually have during stimulation becomes stronger or weaker.
- Your depressive symptoms increase or suicidality (suicidal thoughts or behavior) increases.
- Call your doctor before you have any medical tests that might affect, or be affected by, the VNS Therapy System, such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scans.
- There are many types of MRI scans a patient cannot have, but MRI can be done under specific conditions. Call your doctor before you have an MRI scan.
- Consider registering with an emergency service such as MedicAlert[®] Foundation (www.medicalert.org) so information about the VNS Therapy System will be available to hospital and emergency response personnel when needed. If you have questions about the

- Note: See "Device Complications" on page 49.
- Note: See "Additional Safety Considerations" on page 32.

Note: See "MRI Warnings" on page 18

- Note: See "Medical Hazards" on page 22.
- MedicAlert Foundation, discuss it with your doctor.
- Call your doctor before you have any other medical devices implanted.
- Tell your doctor at your next visit if you no longer feel the routine stimulation. Your doctor may decide to change your settings.

Cyberonics *cannot provide* healthcare advice or services. Your source for health questions must always be your doctor.

5. WHO USES VNS THERAPY?

VNS Therapy has been approved for people with chronic or recurrent treatment resistant depression. It *is not right* for everyone who has depression. You and your doctor will decide if VNS Therapy is right for you. Your doctor will also decide if you have any other medical conditions that might be affected by VNS Therapy.

5.1. Indications for Use

The VNS Therapy System is indicated for the treatment of chronic or recurrent depression for patients who are in a treatment-resistant or treatment-intolerant major depressive episode.

5.2. Contraindications (When VNS Therapy Should Not Be Used)

- The VNS Therapy System should not be used (is contraindicated) in people who have had the left vagus nerve cut to treat another disorder (a left vagotomy).
- Inform anyone treating you that you CANNOT have any short-wave diathermy, microwave diathermy, or therapeutic ultrasound diathermy (hereafter referred to as "diathermy") anywhere on your body because you have an implanted VNS Therapy System (sometimes referred to

as a "Vagus Nerve Stimulator" or "Vagus Nerve Stimulation"). **Diagnostic ultrasound is not included in this contraindication.**

Diathermy is a treatment to promote healing or relieve pain. It is provided by special medical equipment (diathermy equipment) in a doctor's office, dentist's office, or other healthcare setting.

Energy from diathermy therapy may cause heating of the VNS Therapy System. The heating of the VNS Therapy System resulting from diathermy can cause temporary or permanent nerve, tissue, or vascular damage. This damage may result in pain or discomfort, loss of vocal cord function, or even possibly death if there is damage to blood vessels.

Diathermy may also damage parts of your VNS Therapy System. This damage can result in loss of therapy from your VNS Therapy System. More surgery may be required to remove or replace parts of your implanted device.

Injury or damage can occur during diathermy treatment whether your VNS Therapy System is turned "ON" or "OFF."

6. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

As with all types of treatment for depression, VNS Therapy carries some risks. Talk to your physician about other risks not covered in this manual that you should know about. Also, be sure to ask any questions that you have about any of the following warnings, precautions, side effects, and possible hazards.

6.1. Warnings

■ Worsening depression/suicidality
You will need to be observed closely for
clinical worsening and suicidality (suicidal
thoughts or behavior), especially at the time of
drug or drug dose changes, or VNS Therapy
stimulation parameter changes.

Unapproved uses

The safety and efficacy of the VNS Therapy System have not been established for uses outside its approved indications for use. The safety and efficacy of VNS Therapy *have not been shown* for people with these conditions:

- ◆ Acute suicidal thinking or behavior
- History of schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder or delusional disorders
- History of rapid cycling bipolar disorder

- History of previous therapeutic brain surgery or brain injury
- Progressive neurological diseases other than epilepsy or depression
- Heart arrhythmias (irregular heart beats) or other heart abnormalities
- History of dysautonomias
- History of lung diseases or disorders, including shortness of breath and asthma
- History of ulcers (gastric, duodenal, or other)
- History of vasovagal syncope (fainting)
- Only one vagus nerve
- Other concurrent forms of brain stimulation
- Preexisting hoarseness

Swallowing difficulties

Difficulty swallowing may occur with active stimulation, and aspiration may result from the increased swallowing difficulties.

■ Shortness of breath

Shortness of breath may occur with active VNS Therapy, especially if you have chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or asthma.

Obstructive sleep apnea

Use of the VNS Therapy device can cause or worsen pre-existing obstructive sleep apnea (episodes where breathing stops for short periods of time while sleeping).

Device malfunction

Device malfunction could cause painful stimulation or direct current stimulation. Either event could cause nerve damage and other associated problems.

Device removal

Device removal requires an additional surgical procedure. When removing a device, the surgeon may leave part of the lead behind. This may pose certain risks.

■ Device manipulation

Do not manipulate the pulse generator and lead through the skin, as this may damage or disconnect the lead from the pulse generator and/or possibly cause damage to the vagus nerve.

6.1.1. MRI Warnings

Before having Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

You should contact your doctor before having any MRI performed so that it can be discussed with the MRI personnel. An MRI can be performed under certain conditions. *Before* undergoing an MRI scan, the VNS system diagnostic information needs to be

Note: You should see your physician if you exhibit any signs or symptoms of obstructive sleep apnea or worsening obstructive sleep

apnea.

Note: See "Medical Hazards" on page 22.

Note: For detailed MRI-related information, your doctor should refer to the MRI with the VNS Therapy System part of the physician's manual.

collected and the current turned off. The current will need to be turned on again after the scan is completed.

Conditions where MRI should not be performed

You *should not* have an MRI performed on your head, neck, or upper torso using a transmit RF body coil if you have the full VNS System implanted or if you have more than 2 cm of the lead remaining following removal of the VNS system. Heating of the lead caused by the transmit RF body coil during MRI may result in serious injury (e.g., burning of the vagus nerve and surrounding tissue). Also, there should be no exposure of the VNS System to any local RF coil.

If an MRI is needed

Additional surgery may be required to remove the VNS Therapy System if an MRI is needed.

MR Unsafe



The VNS patient magnet, programming computer, and programming wand are MR Unsafe. Do not carry these items into the MR scanner room. The magnet, programming computer and programming wand could become dangerous flying objects if attracted by the strong magnetic field of the MRI scanner.

Pain or other sensation during MRI scan If, during an MRI scan, you have any pain, discomfort, heating, or other unusual

sensations, notify the MRI operator, so the MR procedure can be stopped, if necessary.

- MRI may change the pulse generator settings (i.e., reset parameters) or turn on Magnet Mode stimulation (if "ON"). Stimulation has been shown to cause adverse events, as reported in the "Side effects that may occur from implantation of the VNS Therapy System" on page 26 section of this manual.
- Call your doctor if you have questions about having an MRI scan.

6.2. Precautions

- Use during pregnancy
 The safety and effectiveness of the VNS
 Therapy System have not been established for use during pregnancy.
- Laryngeal irritation may result from stimulation. Patients who smoke may have an increased risk of laryngeal irritation.

6.3. Environmental Hazards

Being close to certain types of equipment can affect the pulse generator. Move away from or avoid equipment such as transmitting antennas.

6.3.1. Pacemaker Warning signs

Talk to your doctor before going into places with Pacemaker Warning signs.

6.3.2. Small appliances

Properly operating microwave ovens and other small electrical appliances, such as toasters, hair dryers, and electric shavers, *should not affect* the pulse generator.

6.3.3. Cellular phones

Cellular phones can affect some implanted cardiac defibrillators and pacemakers, but tests to date show that they *do not affect* the pulse generator.

6.3.4. Transmitting devices

Properly operating electrical ignition systems and power transmission lines *should not affect* the pulse generator. Sources with high energy levels, such as transmitting antennas, *may interfere* with the device. Move at least 1.8 meters (6 feet) away from any equipment that interferes with your device.

6.3.5. Antitheft devices, airport security systems, and other metal detectors

Antitheft devices and metal detectors *should not affect* the pulse generator or be affected by it. As a precaution, however, move through them at a steady pace; do not linger in the area and stay at least 40 centimeters (16 inches) away from such equipment.

6.3.6. Devices with strong electromagnetic fields

Electrical or electromechanical devices with a strong static or pulsing magnetic field can cause the pulse generator to start suddenly. Such devices may include strong magnets, tablet computers and their covers, hair clippers, vibrators, antitheft tag deactivators, and loudspeakers. Keep this type of equipment at least 20 centimeters (8 inches) away from your chest.

If your pulse generator stops while you are in a strong electromagnetic field, move away from the source so the device may return to regular operation.

6.4. Medical Hazards

Medical equipment, procedures, and surgery using certain electrical instruments can affect the VNS Therapy System's operation and sometimes damage the pulse generator or lead.

6.4.1. Routine diagnostic procedures

Most routine diagnostic procedures, such as diagnostic ultrasound and radiography (x-rays), should not affect the VNS Therapy System.

6.4.2. Mammography

Because the pulse generator is in your chest, you may need to be specially positioned for a mammogram. Otherwise, the device may be seen as a shadow on the mammogram. It could make a lesion or lump in that area hard or even impossible to detect. Make sure that your doctor and the mammography technician are aware of the implanted device.



Make sure that medical

personnel know you have a device implanted in your chest.



Always call your doctor

before you have any medical tests that may affect, or be affected by, the VNS Therapy System as described. Precautions may be needed.

6.4.3. Radiation treatment

Treatment with radiation, cobalt machines, and linear accelerators *may damage* the pulse generator. Note that no testing has been done to date. The effect of radiation on the device is not known. Talk with your doctor if you plan to have radiation treatment.

6.4.4. Other procedures

External cardiac defibrillation and other procedures for heart problems, as well as extracorporeal shockwave lithotripsy, diathermy, and electrocautery, *may damage* the pulse generator. If you had any of these procedures and your doctor did not know about it, have the pulse generator checked.

While *diagnostic* ultrasound *should not affect* the VNS Therapy System, *therapeutic* ultrasound therapy *could damage* the pulse generator or inadvertently harm you.

6.5. Interference with Other Devices

While the pulse generator is stimulating or being set or tested, it may briefly interfere with nearby equipment. If this happens, move at least 1.8 meters (6 feet) away from such equipment.

6.5.1. Radios and hearing aids

The pulse generator can interfere with devices that operate in the 30 kHz to 100 kHz range. Hearing aids and transistor radios operate in this range. In theory, the pulse generator could affect them, but no effects have yet been reported. No detailed testing has been done, so the effects are unknown.

6.5.2. Implanted devices

The pulse generator may affect other implanted medical devices, such as cardiac pacemakers and implantable defibrillators. Possible effects include sensing problems. These could lead to inappropriate responses from the pulse generator.

6.5.3. Credit cards and computer disks

The Cyberonics magnets are very strong. They *can damage* televisions, computer disks, credit cards, and other items that are affected by strong magnetic fields. Keep your magnet at least 25 centimeters (10 inches) away from any of these items. **Do not carry or store the magnets near them.**

7. SIDE EFFECT AND SAFETY PROFILE OF VNS THERAPY OBSERVED IN CLINICAL STUDIES IN DEPRESSED PATIENTS

This section describes the side effects and safety concerns that were observed in the clinical studies that led to the approval of VNS Therapy as a treatment for patients with treatment-resistant depression. The side effects and safety concerns associated both with the surgical implantation procedure for the VNS Therapy System and those related to stimulation of the vagus nerve are discussed. In addition, this section discusses some specific safety considerations for the treatment of patients with depression.

7.1. Overview of Clinical Studies

Safety and effectiveness studies involved a total of 295 men and women who received VNS Therapy along with their usual antidepressant treatments. Sixty of them participated in a pilot study that compared depressive symptoms before and after VNS Therapy. The favorable results from that study prompted a second study. The second study (sometimes referred to as "D-02") consisted of two "phases" and included people with treatment-resistant depression. In the first phase, which lasted 3 months, half of the 235 patients who were

implanted with the device had it turned on while the other half did not. Patients did not know whether the device was on or not. In the second phase of the study (referred to as the "long-term phase of D-02"), all patients had the device turned on after the first 3 months and were followed for at least a full year. Patients in the long-term phase of the study were allowed to have adjustments in the doses of depression medications prescribed and were also allowed to have new medications or ECT prescribed during this time. These patients were compared to a separate group of 124 people with treatment resistant depression who received antidepressant treatments, but who did not have the device implanted.

7.2. Surgical Implantation Procedure

7.2.1. Side effects that may occur from implantation of the VNS Therapy System

The following is a list of the side effects that were most commonly reported as being related to the surgical implantation of the VNS Therapy System during the D-02 study. The side effects that occurred in at least 3% of the patients in the D-02 study and the percentage of patients who experienced them were as follows:

- Incision pain (36%)
- Voice alteration (33%)

- Incision site reaction (for example, redness, itching, soreness) (29%)
- Pain around the device generator or leads (23%)
- Other reactions around the device generator or leads (for example, swelling, tenderness) (14%)
- Pharyngitis (inflammation of the throat) (13%)
- Difficulty swallowing (11%)
- Numbness (11%)
- Nausea (9%)
- Shortness of breath (9%)
- Headache (8%)
- Neck pain (7%)
- Pain elsewhere (7%)
- Increased cough (6%)
- Paresthesia (tingling sensation) (6%)
- Infection at the surgical site (4%)
- Chest pain (3%)
- Dizziness (3%)
- Increased tension of the muscles (3%)
- Vocal cord paralysis (3%)

- Skin rash (3%)
- Inability to pass urine (urinary retention) (3%)

Many of these side effects resolved within 30 days, but in some cases the side effects persisted beyond 90 days. Voice alteration was particularly likely to persist for longer than 90 days.



Implantation of the lead may cause nerve constriction (squeezing of the nerve). Call your doctor right away if your voice is always hoarse a few days after surgery. (There could be other explanations for this symptom.)



If you undergo VNS generator replacement with a larger size device, you may initially experience increased discomfort or inflammation at the surgery site. Call your doctor if you experience symptoms that are concerning or do not improve.

7.2.2. Infrequent surgical side effects

Surgical side effects that were reported in the D-02 study less frequently than those listed above, but by at least 1% of patients, were as follows: allergic reactions, weakness, fever, bleeding, heart palpitations, difficulty sleeping, neck rigidity, loss of appetite, heartburn, vomiting, bruising, swelling, itching, ear pain, ringing in the ears, and tightness in the throat. Additional serious side effects (reported in less than 1% of patients) were: transient heart stoppage (occurred in the operating room), decrease in heart rate (occurred in the recovery room),

abnormal thinking (occurred in the post-operative period, thought due to narcotics), aspiration pneumonia (occurred in the post-operative period), and acute kidney failure.

7.2.3. Surgical scars

There are surgical techniques that may minimize surgical scars. Talk to your surgeon if you have specific concerns.

7.3. Stimulation of the Vagus Nerve

Side effects can occur from stimulation of the vagus nerve by the VNS Therapy System. Generally, the side effects become less noticeable over time for most patients. Only 3% of patients discontinued VNS Therapy because of side effects during the first year of treatment in the D-02 study. Sometimes your doctor can lessen the side effects by changing the device settings.

The VNS Therapy System is not a drug. It does not cause drug-related side effects and does not interact with drugs, including antidepressant medications you may be taking.

7.3.1. Side effects that may occur from stimulation of the vagus nerve

Table 1 shows the side effects that were most commonly reported as being related to stimulation of the vagus nerve by the VNS Therapy System

during the D-02 study. Side effects reported in at least 3% of the patients are included. Table 1 shows the percentage of patients who had these side effects after 3 months, 12 months, and 24 months of stimulation.

Table 1. Stimulation-Related Side Effects Reported by Greater Than or Equal To 3% of Patients—Study D-02

	Months of Stimulation		
	3	12	24
Voice alteration	59%	54%	52%
Increased cough	24%	7%	4%
Shortness of breath	14%	16%	14%
Neck pain	16%	13%	15%
Difficulty swallowing	13%	5%	5%
Paresthesia (tingling)	11%	4%	4%
Tightness in throat	10%	6%	5%
Pain	6%	6%	5%
Nausea	6%	1%	1%
Pharyngitis (inflammation of the throat)	6%	5%	4%
Headache	5%	3%	3%
Chest pain	4%	2%	2%
Heart palpitations	4%	3%	2%
Difficulty sleeping	4%	1%	1%
Heartburn	3%	2%	2%
Increased muscle tension	3%	4%	3%

While many of the incidences of these side effects resolved over time, some patients continued to report the side effects throughout the study. This was particularly true for voice alteration, shortness of breath, and neck pain. Some of the side effects caused by stimulation typically occur only during stimulation (the ON time of the stimulation cycle).

7.3.2. Other side effects reported during VNS Therapy

The following is an alphabetical list of additional side effects reported as at least possibly due to vagus nerve stimulation during the 12-month D-02 study: abnormal dreams, abnormal thinking, agitation, amenorrhea (stoppage of menstrual periods), amblyopia (visual disturbance), amnesia, anxiety, arthralgia (joint pain), asthma, colitis, constipation, deafness, diarrhea, dry mouth, emotional lability, eructation (belching), eye pain, flatulence, flu syndrome/viral infection, gastritis, hiccup, hypertension (high blood pressure), hypotension (low blood pressure), increased appetite, laryngitis, migraine, myalgia (muscle ache), myasthenia (muscle weakness), nervousness, postural hypotension (low blood pressure upon standing), rhinitis, sedation, stridor, sweating, syncope (fainting), tachycardia (fast heart beat), tremor, twitching, vasodilatation (flushing), weight gain, weight loss.

7.4. Additional Safety Considerations

7.4.1. Worsening depression

People who have depression can experience waxing and waning of their depressive symptoms even while receiving treatment. During the first phase of the D-02 study when half the patients had their VNS Therapy System turned on and the other half did not, the study doctors reported 12 serious events of worsening depression that required hospitalization. Four of these events occurred in patients who had their device turned on, and the other eight occurred in patients who did not have their device turned on. During the long-term phase of the D-02 study (months 3 through 12), study doctors reported 62 additional serious events of worsening depression in 31 patients. If your depression worsens during VNS Therapy, inform your doctor promptly.

7.4.2. Mania

Some patients being treated for depression may experience a manic or hypomanic episode characterized by an abnormal and persistently elevated or irritable mood. Patients with known bipolar disorder (manic depressive illness) are the people most likely to experience this phenomenon. It is believed that effective antidepressant treatments themselves can cause a manic or hypomanic episode. In the D-02 study (through the 12-month long-term phase), six hypomanic or manic episodes were observed. Five of the six patients had a known

history of prior hypomanic or manic episodes. One of these events was considered serious enough to require hospitalization; the other five events were either treated with medication or only required observation. If you experience symptoms of an elevated or irritable mood during VNS Therapy, inform your doctor promptly.

7.4.3. Suicides

People with depression may experience the emergence of suicidal thoughts and behavior (suicidality) whether or not they are receiving treatment. In the D-02 study (through the 12-month long-term phase), there were one suicide and seven additional suicide attempts in six patients. If you or someone else notices your depression worsening or indications of suicidality, inform your doctor promptly. Additionally, if you or someone else notices any of the following symptoms, inform your doctor immediately as they may indicate an increased risk of suicide: new or worse anxiety, feeling agitated or restless, panic attacks, difficulty sleeping, new or worse irritability, acting aggressive. being angry or violent, acting on dangerous impulses, an extreme increase in activity and talking, other unusual changes in behavior or mood.

7.4.4. Deaths that occurred during the depression studies

In the D-02 study (through the 12-month long-term phase), there were four deaths. One occurred in a patient who had enrolled in the study but had not yet received a VNS Therapy System implant. The

PATIENT'S MANUAL for Depression

causes of death for the other three patients were as follows: suicide (described above), sudden death of unknown cause, multi-organ system failure.

8. BENEFITS OF VNS THERAPY

Note: See
"Overview
of Clinical
Studies" on
page 25 for a
description of the
D-02 study.

The effectiveness of VNS Therapy in decreasing depressive symptoms was primarily demonstrated by improved scores on standardized tests after 12 months and 24 months of VNS Therapy in the D-02 study.

8.1. Effectiveness Results From the D-02 Clinical Study

8.1.1. Three-month results

At the end of the first 3 months, the proportion of patients who had at least a 50% reduction in depression symptoms was 15% in the group of patients receiving active stimulation, slightly better than for patients who were not receiving stimulation (10% of these patients had at least a 50% reduction in symptoms). This finding suggested that the full effects of VNS Therapy might require more than 3 months of treatment.

8.1.2. One-year results

After 1 year of VNS Therapy, the results showed that 30% of the study patients were responders (at least a 50% improvement in depressive symptoms) and 17% were remitters (minimal to no depressive symptoms). The results from a second rating scale of depression symptoms showed that 22% of the group were responders and 15% were remitters, and

Note: See Table 2, Percent of Responders and Remitters After VNS Therapy, on page 37.

Note: See Table 2, Percent of Responders and Remitters After VNS Therapy, on page 37. the results from a third rating scale showed that 32% were responders and 23% were remitters. It should be noted that about one in four or five people who were implanted with the device during the study were not included in these calculations of success at 12 months. Therefore it is possible that the percentage of patients having successful outcomes may be lower than is represented by the results described above.

8.1.3. Two-year results

After 2 years of VNS Therapy, the results showed that 32% of the patients were responders and 17% were remitters. The results from a second rating scale of depression symptoms showed that 27% of the group were responders and 13% were remitters. It should be noted that about one in three people who were implanted with the device during the study were not included in these calculations of success at 24 months. Therefore it is possible that the percentage of patients having successful outcomes may be lower than is represented by the results described above.



Table 2. Percent of Responders and Remitters
After VNS Therapy

Standard- ized Test	HRSD ₂₄		IDS-SR ₃₀		MADRS	
	Responders	Remitters	Responders	Remitters	Responders	Remitters
3 mos	15%	7%	14%	6%	17%	10%
12 mos	30%	17%	22%	15%	32%	23%
24 mos	32%	17%	27%	13%	N/A	N/A

Responders - ≥50% improvement in depressive symptoms. Remitters – minimal to no depressive symptoms.

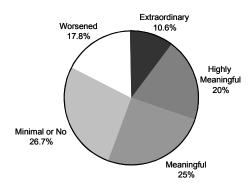
8.1.4. Additional categorization of clinical benefit

After 12 months of VNS Therapy, the patients were also assessed to categorize the degree of improvement in their depression symptoms. The amount of improvement was categorized as follows:

- Worsened depressive symptoms worse than when VNS Therapy was started
- Minimal to no change 0% to 24% improvement in depressive symptoms
- **Meaningful clinical benefit** 25% to 49% improvement in depressive symptoms
- **Highly meaningful clinical benefit** 50% to 74% improvement in depressive symptoms
- Extraordinary clinical benefit over 75% improvement in depressive symptoms

Figure 3 shows the percentage of patients who were in the different categories after 12 months of VNS Therapy. It should be noted that about one in four people who were implanted with the device during the study were not included in these calculations of success at 12 months. Therefore, it is possible that the percentage of patients having successful outcomes may be lower than is represented by the results shown in the figure.

Figure 3. Categories of Clinical Benefit After 12 Months of VNS Therapy (HRSD₂₄)



Note: 56
percent of
patients
experienced at least
a meaningful
clinical benefit
after 12 months of
adjunctive VNS
Therapy.

8.1.5. Maintenance of benefit over time

Although less than one in three or one in four patients (depending on the rating scale used) appeared to respond to VNS Therapy, most—but not all—of those patients continued to be responders over time. For example, among the 30 patients who were responders on the HRSD₂₄ rating after their first 3 months of VNS Therapy, 60% continued to be responders after one year of VNS Therapy, and 70% were responders after two years of VNS Therapy. Among the 54 patients who were responders after 12 months of VNS Therapy, 69% continued to be responders after two years of VNS Therapy.

8.2. Quality of Life Measurements in the D-02 Clinical Study

In addition to improvements in depressive symptoms, patients who received VNS Therapy for one year in the D-02 study reported improvements in quality of life.

8.3. Expected Rate of Response to VNS Therapy

For patients in whom VNS Therapy is effective, the benefits are not always seen right away. In fact, the 12-week acute studies did not show a significant difference between patients receiving VNS Therapy and those who were not receiving it. Depressive

symptoms may improve slowly over the first year of treatment.

8.4. Treatment Continuation Rates

Not all patients continue on VNS Therapy. During the D-02 study, 92% of the patients continued to receive therapy at 12 months and 82% continued to receive therapy at 24 months.

8.5. Limitations of VNS Therapy

VNS Therapy has not been shown to cure depression. It does not work for everyone. For most patients in whom it is effective, improvement in depressive symptoms will be slow. Some patients may have no change in symptoms with VNS Therapy, and some may actually get worse while receiving VNS Therapy. At present, doctors have no way to predict which patients will respond to VNS Therapy.

Note: See "Expected Rate of Response to VNS Therapy" on page 39.

9. TO HAVE THE DEVICE IMPLANTED

VNS Therapy requires surgical placement of the pulse generator and lead by a surgeon. At office visits, your doctor checks the settings and changes them as needed.

9.1. Surgery (Operation)

The operation can be reversed if you and vour doctor ever decide to have the VNS Therapy System removed. Removal of the pulse generator and/or lead requires another surgical procedure. Sometimes when a surgeon removes a VNS Therapy System, the surgeon will decide to leave a portion of the lead behind in order not to risk damaging the vagus nerve. This may pose certain risks (see "Medical Hazards " on page 22).

Surgery lasts from about 1 to 2 hours and typically involves general anesthesia, though local anesthesia is sometimes used. You may stay in the hospital overnight.

The surgeon makes a small incision on the left side of the neck and a second incision below the collarbone in the chest or armpit. The surgeon passes the lead under the skin between the two incisions. Next the surgeon attaches the lead to the left vagus nerve in the neck. Then the surgeon attaches the other end of the lead to the pulse generator, which is subsequently placed in a "pocket" created at the site of the incision that was made below the collarbone. Finally, the surgeon closes the incisions. See Figure 1 on page 7.

Follow Up After Surgery 9.2.

The pulse generator is usually turned on 2 weeks after it is implanted. (Your doctor will program the pulse generator to the proper settings for you.) At that office visit and at subsequent visits, your doctor will check the VNS Therapy System. Your doctor will make sure that it is working well and that the treatment is not uncomfortable for you.

You will be given an Implant and Warranty Registration Card. It has information about your pulse generator and lead.

You will also receive a Patient Emergency Information Card. It has phone numbers to call in case of a device-related emergency.

9.3. Antidepressant Medications

Most patients treated with VNS Therapy in the clinical studies also continued to take antidepressant medications. A significant number of patients had new medications added or doses of their old medications increased during the studies.

Your doctor may advise you to continue to take your antidepressant medications after you begin receiving VNS Therapy. Your doctor may also decide to add new medications to your treatment. Always follow your doctor's instructions regarding your medications.



Cyberonics recommends that you see

vour doctor at least once every 6 months. Your doctor will check the VNS Therapy System for safe and effective operation.



Carry the Patient Emergency Information Card at all times



Your doctor is your first source for

health-related questions and information. Cyberonics cannot provide healthcare advice or services.

10. THE CYBERONICS MAGNETS

How to Handle the **Cyberonics Magnets**



Never put or store the magnets

near credit cards. televisions, computers, computer disks. microwave ovens, watches, or other magnets. Keep them at least 25 centimeters (10 inches) away.

After your operation, your doctor will give you two magnets. You should carry one of the magnets with you at all times in your pocket, in your purse away from credit cards, or in another convenient place. If you prefer, you can wear them like a watch or a pager (see Figure 4).

Both styles of Cyberonics magnets contain a highpower magnet that is surrounded by a plastic casing in the shape of a watch. These magnets should be operated and stored at temperatures ranging from -20° C (-4° F) to $+55^{\circ}$ C ($+131^{\circ}$ F). With normal use, they should remain powerful for approximately 3 years.



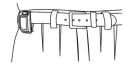
Do not drop the

magnets. They can break if dropped on a hard surface.

The Cyberonics Magnets Figure 4.







Cyberonics Magnet (pager-style)

10.2. How to Use Your **Cyberonics Magnets**

Keep a magnet with you at all times in case you need to turn OFF the pulse generator.

The magnet can be used to stop stimulation temporarily or turn OFF the pulse generator:

- When you plan to sing or speak in public (if stimulation bothers you when you do this)
- When you are eating (if you have swallowing problems)
- If stimulation becomes uncomfortable or painful

10.2.1. To stop stimulation

Put the magnet over the pulse generator (see Figure 5). If the stimulation stays on, move the magnet around until it stops.

Stop Stimulation Figure 5.



Model 100



Model 101



Carry a magnet with you at

all times. Show your family members or caregivers how to use the magnet.

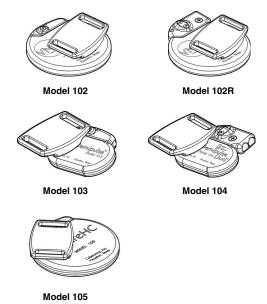


The correct position for

the magnet may vary from patient to patient. The position depends on how the pulse generator is implanted. Find the position that works best for you.



Note: To show the correct position of the magnet with the pulse generator, the magnet has been drawn without the belt clip or wristband. The belt clip and wristband use the same magnet.



Leave the magnet over the pulse generator. If needed, tape it to your chest or use an elastic,

wrap-around bandage.

 If you stopped the stimulation because it was painful or felt unusual, call your doctor right away.

The pulse generator will not stimulate while the magnet is in place, but it will start when the magnet is removed.

10.3. How the Magnets Work

The VNS Therapy System senses a magnetic field. When you hold a magnet over the pulse generator, **a reed switch** inside the pulse generator closes. This switch works like a gate. When the magnet closes it, the signal (stimulation) cannot pass. The pulse generator is temporarily turned OFF.

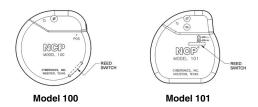
When the magnet is removed, the switch (gate) opens right away. The VNS Therapy System is turned back ON and can stimulate again.

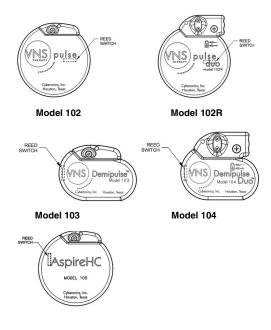
10.3.1. Find the reed switch

You may need to move the magnet around to find the reed switch and stop stimulation (see Figure 6).

The label side of the magnet should face the reed switch. Figure 6 shows the position of the switch.

Figure 6. Reed Switch Position





Model 105

10.3.2. Know your magnets



All magnets can lose their

effectiveness over time. If you suspect that either of your magnets is not working, call your doctor.

These tips are also given elsewhere in this manual. Be sure that you understand them.

- Use the magnet only when necessary to turn off stimulation.
 - With your doctor's permission, it is okay to leave the magnet in place for a short while, for example, to sing a song. The pulse generator

will not stimulate while the magnet is in place. The stimulation cycle begins again when the magnet is removed.

- If stimulation hurts, hold the magnet over the pulse generator and keep it there. The stimulation will stop as long as the magnet is there. If necessary, tape the magnet in place. Contact your doctor right away.
- Always carry the magnet with you. If you have pain because of stimulation, you can stop it by placing the magnet over the pulse generator.
- Keep the magnets away from credit cards, computer disks, watches, and other items affected by strong magnetic fields.
- If you lose one of your magnets and need a replacement, contact your doctor.
- And remember—if you are not sure how to use the magnets, ask your doctor to show you how.

10.4. How to Replace the Cyberonics Magnets

To order a new magnet, contact your doctor. You may also request a copy of this Patient's Manual.

11. OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR VNS THERAPY SYSTEM

11.1. Device Complications

Complications linked to the VNS Therapy System can result from:

- Surgery
- Pulse generator malfunction (not working)
- Battery depletion (running out)
- Touching or moving the device through the skin

11.1.1. Surgery

Like a heart pacemaker, the VNS Therapy device is implanted during surgery. One incision is made in the neck to attach the lead to the vagus nerve, and a second incision is made in the chest for the pulse generator. All types of surgery carry some risks. In addition to the risks described in the earlier section of this manual that summarized the experience from clinical studies, there are potential mechanical complications related to the surgical implantation of the device. The pulse generator and/or lead can—but rarely do—move or come through the skin. Also, the lead can break or become disconnected from the pulse generator.

11.1.2. Pulse generator malfunction (device not working right)

The pulse generator can malfunction, though this is rare. The stimulation from a pulse generator that is not working right can cause intense neck pain, hoarseness, choking, or trouble breathing.



Stimulation from a pulse generator that is not working right could damage the vagus nerve and lead to permanent hoarseness or other complications. Malfunction of the pulse generator could cause the battery to run out sooner than expected. If you have any of these symptoms, or if stimulation becomes painful, irregular, or nonstop, place the magnet over the pulse generator, hold it there to stop stimulation (see "How to Use Your Cyberonics Magnets" on page 44), and call your doctor right away.

11.1.3. Battery depletion (running out)

The battery in your pulse generator will normally last between 1 to 16 years, depending on the settings. The pulse generator battery will slowly lose its power. When it starts to run out, it will begin to stimulate differently. You may sense this change as irregular stimulation. At the end of battery life, the stimulation will stop completely.

The dose settings impact how long the battery in the pulse generator will last. For example, the battery may last for 3 years at a higher setting, compared with 8 years at a lower setting. For the full range of settings in relationship to battery life, ask your doctor.

When the battery in your pulse generator runs out, the pulse generator must be replaced in order for you to continue to receive VNS Therapy. This requires an additional surgical procedure. The operation involves anesthesia and generally takes less than an hour to complete.

Replacement or removal of the lead is a different procedure. It is not required for routine replacement of the pulse generator.



After stimulation stops (the pulse generator battery runs out), you may notice a change in your depressive symptoms. If you think the pulse generator might not be working right, call your doctor.

11.1.4. Manipulation of the pulse generator and lead



generator or manipulate the lead. Doing so could damage the lead or your vagus nerve. It could require that the pulse generator and lead be replaced.

The pulse generator is secured into place during surgery, but the device can move slightly. It may be possible to feel the lead under the skin after surgery. This feeling is normal. It should become less apparent over time (several weeks). Manipulation of the lead should be prevented at all times.

12. CYBERONICS' PATIENT WARRANTY AND SAFETY LISTING

Government agencies require makers of implantable devices to contact people in case of emergencies related to the device. Cyberonics has a list of people who have had the pulse generator and lead implanted. The information is kept in confidential files. It is a permanent record of the implantation surgery. Cyberonics will release a file only if required by law.



13. FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Patients and their family members often ask these questions.

How do most people respond to VNS Therapy?

When the device was tested in the clinical trials, depressive symptoms decreased for most patients. Some patients had no change in depressive symptoms and some got worse while receiving VNS Therapy. Among those patients who did improve while receiving VNS Therapy, some did not improve until they had been receiving VNS Therapy for 6 months or longer.

Can I know if I will be helped before I am implanted with the pulse generator and lead?

At this time, there is no way to predict what your response will be.

What are the results of the VNS Therapy clinical studies?

This Manual provides a summary of important safety and effectiveness results from the clinical studies. Your doctor can give you more information about the clinical (research) studies.

What is the implantation surgery like?

You will be given a general or local anesthetic. The operation usually takes 1 to 2 hours. The operation will be done with you as an outpatient (you go home the same day) or you may stay in the hospital overnight. Ask your surgeon to tell you more about the anesthetic, the operation, and the hospital stay so that you will know what to expect.

Are there risks linked with the surgery?

Any surgery has some type of risk. It is important that you discuss this question with your surgeon.

Will the scars be noticeable?

Each person has different healing and scarring results. You should expect some scarring from surgery. Most people do not think the scarring after surgery is a major concern. If this is a special concern for you, discuss it with your surgeon.

Will people be able to see the implanted device through my skin?

The pulse generator is shaped like a disk. The Model 101 is 5.4 centimeters (2.1 inches) across and 1 centimeter (0.4 inch) thick; it weighs about 38 grams (1.34 ounces). The Model 102 is 5.2 centimeters (2.0 inches) across and 0.7 centimeter (0.27 inch) thick; it weighs about 25 grams (0.88 ounce). The Model 102R is 5.2 centimeters (2.0 inches) by 5.8 centimeters (2.3 inches) and 0.7 centimeter (0.27 inch) thick; it weighs about 27 grams (0.95 ounce). The Model 103 is 4.6 centimeters

(1.8 inches) by 3.3 centimeters (1.3 inches); it weighs about 16 grams (0.56 ounce). The Model 104 is 4.6 centimeters (1.8 inches) by 4.1 centimeters (1.6 inches); it weighs about 18 grams (0.63 ounce). The Model 105 is 5.2 centimeters (2.0 inches) across and 0.7 centimeter (0.27 inch) thick; it weighs about 25 grams (0.88 ounce). If you have a small frame or are very thin, the device may be visible below your left collarbone.

What happens after the surgery?

After surgery (usually 2 weeks later), your doctor will set the treatment settings of your device. If the stimulation feels uncomfortable, your doctor can change it to make you more comfortable. The doctor will use the programming wand to check and fine-tune your stimulation settings at subsequent visits.

Will I be able to tell when the stimulator is on?

Many people note a change in their voice (often described as hoarseness) or discomfort in the neck (typically mild pain or a tingling sensation) during stimulation. In general, most side effects become less noticeable over time.

What are the side effects of VNS Therapy?

The most common side effects reported during VNS Therapy are voice alteration (often described as hoarseness), discomfort in the neck (typically mild pain or a tingling sensation), cough, shortness of breath,

difficulty swallowing, and a feeling of tightness in the throat. Often these events only occur when the stimulator is ON. Other less common side effects are discussed in the earlier section of this manual that summarized the experience from clinical studies. In general, most side effects become less noticeable over time.

When should I use the magnet?

Use the magnet to stop stimulation temporarily or to turn OFF the pulse generator when you plan to sing or speak in public (if stimulation bothers you when you do this), when you are eating (if you have swallowing problems), or if stimulation becomes uncomfortable or painful. If you need to use the magnet for any of these reasons or any other reason, inform your physician.

How does the magnet work?

The pulse generator has a sensor (the reed switch) that recognizes the magnet and stops stimulation.

Can any magnet be used?

Only the Cyberonics magnet should be used with your VNS Therapy System. If you lose your magnet or require extra magnets, contact your doctor. In an emergency, you may try other strong magnets. The use of other, non-Cyberonics magnets will not harm the VNS Therapy System, but there is no way to know in

advance whether a magnet other than the Cyberonics magnet will work.

What if the magnet is accidentally kept in place over the pulse generator for an extended period?

No stimulation will be delivered while the magnet is kept over the device. Stimulation will resume only after the magnet is removed.

Is it possible to stop all stimulation using the magnet?

Yes. To stop stimulation, hold the magnet over the pulse generator and keep it there. Use this method if you have unusual or painful stimulation. Then call your doctor right away. The magnet will stop all stimulation while it is held in place. You may need to secure the magnet by taping it over the implanted device.

Who should carry the magnet?

You should carry the magnet so that it is always with you. You may also want your family members or caregivers to have access to a Cyberonics magnet.

Is the magnet an environmental hazard?

The Cyberonics magnet can damage computer disks, credit cards, watches, and other items affected by strong magnetic fields. Keep your magnet at least 25 centimeters (10 inches) away from any of these items. Do not store magnets near such items.

Will dropping my magnet affect its strength?

Dropping your magnet should not affect the magnet's strength. This is a problem that afflicts low-power magnets. The Cyberonics magnet is a high-power magnet and should not lose its strength when dropped or if the casing cracks.

How long will my magnet last (does it have an expiration date)?

Based on normal use, the Cyberonics magnet should have an approximate service life of 3 years.

Other questions?

If you have other questions about the VNS Therapy System, any of its parts, or VNS Therapy in general, talk to your doctor.

14. Contact Information



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